

243,917 was the TIMES' circulation for last week.

The STAR'S circulation for last week was 188,658

The Evening Times

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VOL. 1. NO. 152.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 28, 1896.

ONE CENT.

WEYLER THEIR TERROR

His Coming the Signal for a Cuban Exodus.

A FEARFUL REPUTATION

Outgoing Steamers Crowded With Self-Expatiated Residents of the Island—They Regard the New Captain-General as a Bloodthirsty Villain—A Duel Not Improbable.

New York, Jan. 28.—An Havana letter to the Times under date of January 24 says:

The effect of the mere announcement of Weyler's appointment as general of the people of all classes, from the wealthy to the laboring poor, began to make preparations for leaving the island, and during the past three or four days outgoing steamers for New York, Key West, and Tampa, and other American ports, as well as for Spain, have been crowded with passengers. Local newspapers, too, those, who have been employed on papers whose politics favored the revolution—have been foremost among those who secured passports and steamship tickets.

WILL FLEE FROM WEYLER.

Hundreds of others are in readiness to leave as soon as they ascertain that Weyler has sailed from Spain. The latter announcement by cable from Madrid his program, and it carries it out to the end will be appalling. He says, among other things, that he will not allow any Cuban or Spaniard, in other words, there will be no neutrals. Every man in the island must be either for or against him. Therefore hundreds are laying their plans accordingly.

Weyler gained this unenviable reputation in the last war, when he was only a brigadier-general then, but he received a record that twenty years have not effaced. The Spaniards regard him as a bloodthirsty villain, and the Cubans think him a bloodthirsty villain.

UPON THE DEPARTURE OF MARTINEZ CAMPOS.

It was said in Havana that Martinez Campos, the old commander and Premier of Spain, would take place upon the arrival of the former in Spain.

CAMPOS' SECRET FOE.

Campos has been a secret enemy of Weyler for years, and it is said here that he telegraphed it as the queen's desire that Martinez Campos turn over the government to him.

MARTINEZ CAMPOS BELIEVED THE PRIME MINISTER WAS ACTING WITHOUT HER MAJESTY'S AUTHORITY.

and telegraphed to Campos a message, denouncing him as a traitor and a traitor. Still, he was glad of the opportunity to leave Cuba, and he at once obeyed the order. An hour later he received a telegram from Queen Maria Christina a telegram expressing implicit confidence in him, and assuring him of her tenderest personal regard. There are many here who believe an encounter between the two men inevitable, and they recall a former unpleasantness in the Spanish capital, the day of the last war. In public debate Campos demanded of Martinez Campos a statement of military expenditures. The latter arose and told the present prime minister that he would give him an explanation at the point of the sword. A duel was prevented by friends, but the duel was widened.

WHOLESALE FORGERIES.

Chinese Putting Spurious Notes on the Market in Java.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 28.—Latest advices from China tell of the uttering of the Chinese forgers on the island of Java of \$1,000,000 of Java bank notes. In order to have the notes accepted for payment, nearly \$500,000 of forged and discounted notes have been discovered, and many prominent Chinese merchants have been placed under arrest, including Capt. China, one of the wealthiest Chinese in Java. It is believed by the police that the forgers were completed in Singapore. One house—that of Tan Kim Tjeng—discovered \$400,000 of the forged notes; Nash & Co. discovered \$135,000, and other houses that discredited largely are practically bankrupt. Nearly all the leading Chinese merchants in Java have been victimized.

KWEE KHONG, A NATIVE OF CHINA, NOW A RESIDENT OF SINGAPORE, AND A BAND OF NATIVE ETHERS HAVE COMMITTED THE FORGERIES.

and implicates many others, all of whom insist they are innocent.

PLEA FOR ARBITRATION.

Memorial to Be Circulated in Great Britain and America.

London, Jan. 28.—The Westminster Gazette publishes the text of a memorial, which is to be issued for signatures in the United Kingdom and the United States of America. The memorial concludes: "Without expressing any opinion upon pending controversies, we earnestly press to a prompt conclusion a treaty whereby all disputes between Great Britain and the United States shall be referred to a permanent tribunal, representing both nations."

THE COMMITTEE ISSUING THE MEMORIAL INCLUDES THE REV. B. F. WESTCOTT, BISHOP OF DURHAM; THE REV. F. W. FARRAR, DEAN OF CANTERBURY; REV. BASIL WILBERFORCE, CANON OF WESTMINSTER; REV. HUGH HUGHES, FREDERICK CLIFFORD, REV. H. M. ADLER, CHIEF RABBI, AND WILLIAM T. STEAD, EDITOR OF THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

RECEIVER FOR A BIG NEW YORK HOTEL.

New York, Jan. 28.—Joseph H. Baker has been appointed temporary receiver of the Hotel Brunswick by Judge Trax in the supreme court. The receiver was directed to file a bond for \$50,000 and was appointed on the motion of counsel for several of the officers of the Brunswick Hotel corporation, who have instituted proceedings for a dissolution of the corporation.

MRS. HUGH HASTINGS DEAD.

Long Branch, N. J., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Hastings, president of the Monmouth Hospital of Long Branch and widow of Hugh Hastings, who established the Commercial Advertiser in New York city, died yesterday at Monmouth Beach.

BIG CONCERN GOES UNDER.

Ottawa, Ill., Jan. 28.—The Mississippi Manufacturing Company, operating the largest agricultural implement factory in Central Illinois, has failed for \$200,000. Its creditors are scattered from the Mississippi to the Atlantic.

HER CLOTHING IGNITED.

Young Woman Shockingly Burned and Little Hope of Recovery.

Lancaster, Pa., Jan. 28.—A shocking accident occurred at Strasburg, the victim being Miss Bertie Monney, aged twenty years, a member of the household of 'Square Hildebrand'. The young woman was washing clothes, and getting too close to an open fire, her clothing being ignited and she was soon enveloped in flames.

TARIFF BILL IS BLOCKED

Silver Senators Want Finance Measures Settled First.

DISCUSSED IN COMMITTEE

Gorman's Proposition for a \$500,000,000 Issue of Gold Bonds to Retire Greenbacks and Treasury Notes Finds No Favor—All Republicans and Some Democrats Oppose It.

THE TARIFF BILL WILL NOT BE REPORTED TO THE SENATE UNTIL AFTER THE VOTE HAS BEEN TAKEN ON THE FREE-COINAGE SUBJECT.

It is apparent that Mr. Jones, of Nevada, notified his Republican associates that he would give them the vote necessary to report the bill until the free silver substitute of the Senate had been clinched. Immediately after this has been done the Committee on Finance will be able to report the tariff bill.

DESTRUCTION OF INCOME RETURNS.

A number of matters pending before the committee were discussed, but no action was taken. Among the more important of these subjects was the House bill resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the immediate destruction of all income tax returns and all records and statements of income, which passed the House January 29.

THE COMMITTEE ALSO CONSIDERED MR. DUBOIS' BILL TO FACILITATE THE COLLECTING OF REVENUE BY PROVIDING FOR THE CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT OF STAMPS FOR THE SELLING AND ISSUING OF IMPORTED SILVER ORES AND OTHER REVENUE COLLECTING.

Both of these matters were referred to a subcommittee for further investigation. Much of the time of the committee was consumed in an informal discussion of the compromise suggested by Mr. Gorman as a substitute for the free silver bill. The committee is of the opinion that the House bill with the Senate free silver substitute gets into conference. This proposition contemplates the issuance of \$500,000,000 of gold bonds, with which to retire the government's present gold obligations—greenbacks and treasury notes, the declaration that all new outstanding receipts of the previous of these obligations shall be made payable in gold, and the opening of the United States mints to the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

NO FRIENDS FOR IT.

This proposition found few friends in the committee. Mr. Vest was vigorous in his opposition, and other Democratic Senators opposed it because it authorized the issue of gold and provided for the retirement of the greenbacks. Republicans were antagonistic to a man. The argument was that this proposition would only work harm to the country and was intended more as a political compromise than a solution of the financial problem.

IT WAS POINTED OUT BY ONE OF THE SOUND MONEY REPUBLICANS THAT IT MEANT SIMPLY A GOLD BASIS FOR THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE COUNTRY AND A SILVER BASIS FOR EVERY OTHER CLASS, AND UPON SUCH A GROUND WORK THE LATTERS COULD NOT REST SECURELY.

Of course, this discussion was entirely informal, but it developed enough to show that such a proposition would find few friends and many powerful enemies in the committee of the Senate which dominates its financial policy.

HIS CONSCIENCE TELLS HIM.

John McLaughlin Feels Sure He Killed Robert Ross.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The affidavit and confession of John McLaughlin, who claims that he murdered Robert Ross in Troy, N. Y., has been made public and will figure prominently later in the application of the United States court for a new sentence of death for the Ross murder, for a new trial before Justice Mayhew at Schoharie. District Attorney Burlingame, who was appointed by Gov. Morton, took McLaughlin's statement in the case and made a lengthy report to the governor. This report is the basis for the attorneys for the prisoner at Schoharie today.

MR. BURLINGAME'S REPORT SHOWS THAT MC LAUGHLIN IS NOT SURE WHICH OF THE FOUR SHOTS FIRED KILLED ROBERT ROSS, BUT MC LAUGHLIN SAYS THAT HIS CONSCIENCE TELLS HIM THAT HIS SHOT KILLED ROSS.

WILL CHALLENGE THE WINNER

Yale Not Going to Participate in the Hudson River Boat Race.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 28.—It is becoming generally thought at Yale that the 'Varsity crew will not enter the race on the Hudson as the undergraduates in general wish, but that Yale will challenge the winner of the Cornell-Columbia-University of Pennsylvania-Harvard contest at Poughkeepsie.

THE YALE GRADUATE ADVISERS FEAR THAT IN A FIVE-CORNERED RACE YALE MAY BE HANDICAPPED BY FOOLS, AND ARE ANGER FOR A CONTEST IN WHICH ONLY TWO SHALL PARTICIPATE.

Yale's plan will probably be to challenge the winner for a race about a week after the four-cornered match.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 28.—John Frantz, aged 55, died yesterday from burns received by the explosion of a lantern. Frantz was employed as an assistant to John O'Donnell, a butcher, of St. Clair. He was in the slaughter house at the time preparing for the wagon's trip, when he kicked over the lantern. The oil exploded, and the blazing oil fell upon Frantz, whose clothing caught fire. Before assistance arrived, he was nearly burned to a crisp.

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Women Suffragists Heard by Congressional Committees.

LARGE DELEGATIONS THERE

Eloquent Addresses Made by Susan B. Anthony and Others—Mr. Blackwell of Massachusetts Roused Southern Members' Ire by Reference to Lack of Public Schools Before the War.

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On the Senate side the representatives of the women suffragists were given the use of the Marble Hall, but Senator Call, chairman of the Senate Committee, did not arrive until shortly before 11 o'clock, and the hearing was a consequence delayed.

It was decided to admit no ladies but those composing the delegation, and members of the press were rigidly excluded. Many of those belonging to the Temperance Union were greatly disappointed at not being admitted.

MEMBERS OF THE DELEGATION.

Mrs. Anna Shaw was chairman of the Women Suffragists, and the delegation consisted of the following ladies: Connecticut, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Bacon; Delaware, Mary Elizabeth Milligan; District of Columbia, Mrs. Ellen Powell Thompson; Illinois, Mrs. Frank H. Johnson; Indiana, Mrs. G. H. Kent; Kentucky, Sally Clay Bond; Maryland, Caroline H. Miller; Massachusetts, Lavinia A. Hatch; Michigan, Mary Stocking Knapp; Minnesota, Julia E. Nelson; Missouri, Mrs. Conkling Whitney; New Jersey, Mrs. Harry Huxley; New York, Marjorie W. Chapman; North Carolina, Mrs. J. H. Lewis; Oklahoma, Mrs. R. W. Southard; Pennsylvania, Mrs. Rankenbush; Rhode Island, Mrs. Mary Arnold; South Carolina, Virginia D. Young; Vermont, Mary H. Chase; Virginia, Orra Loomis.

A number of these ladies addressed the committee, their remarks being chiefly based on a bill that has been prepared for submission to the committee and embracing a constitutional amendment giving women the right of suffrage.

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PETITION ABOUT ARMENIANS

Official Notification Should Be Given Turkey That Proselytizing by the Sword Must Cease—Resolution Concerning Debs Provokes Words From Mr. Hill.

In presenting a petition in the Senate today in regard to the Armenians Mr. Turpie spoke of the recent outrages upon them and said that the only charge against them, their only crime, was being Christians.

The time had come, he said, when an official notification should be given to Turkey and to the Mohammedan Church that they must cease to proselytize by the sword.

The way of the Turk, he said, was only ended and supported on account of those international jealousies that cluster around the transatlantic segment of the Mediterranean, called the "Balance of Power" in Europe. The Turks ought to be notified that they must cease from their book of discipline that practice of the Mohammedan Church which makes use of arson and murder to suppress the Christian faith. And he would have that notification followed by a shot which would crash through the grand seraglio.

He was in favor of giving "the sick man of the Bosphorus" the coup de grace and of ending his life and system by dissolution and destruction.

SPOKE WITH BITTERNESS.

It was true that those murders and assassinations should know why he was so born to the world at Bethlehem and was raised at Nazareth, and that when he comes again to punish such wretches as those he brings with him not peace, but a sword.

MR. TURPIE SPOKE WITH INTENSE VEHEMENTNESS, AND HIS SPEECH ATTRACTED MARKED ATTENTION.

Mr. Allen gave notice of an amendment to the bond and free-coinage bill, depriving the Secretary of the Treasury of the power to issue bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the government unless Congress shall first declare a necessity therefor.

Mr. Kyle offered a resolution, which went over until tomorrow, instructing the Postoffice Department to require its charges to their mailing repair division of the Postoffice Department.

Mr. Lodge offered a resolution, which also went over until tomorrow, calling on the Civil Service Commission for correspondence respecting the civil service law between the Public Printer and the commission.

Mr. Hill said that, ordinarily, he had very great respect for the laboring people of the United States; but he was not aware that any communication from the laboring people asked the Senate for the proposed investigation. If it was to be made he thought it should be by one of the standing committees of the Senate. He therefore offered an amendment instructing the Judiciary Committee to investigate the whole subject of contempt of court as enforced by Federal courts.

PRASE FOR EUGENE DEBS.

Mr. Call opposed the amendment and spoke of the standing committee of the Senate as the proper body to make such a recommendation for reform, and of Eugene V. Debs as a great leader, a man of power, and a representative man.

Mr. Hill argued that, as the question involved was a judicial one, it should be referred to the Judiciary Committee. He said, however, that the case had been already been decided in the Supreme Court to the effect that his imprisonment was legal.

Mr. Allen asserted that the Supreme Court had done nothing of the kind. It had merely decided that the writ of habeas corpus did not apply to the case. He added that if the Senator knew anything about "this man Woods (the United States circuit court judge who had imprisoned Debs), if he knew the stain that hung upon him when he was appointed as a reward for political trickery," the Senator would not give much for his decision.

Mr. Hill said that he was not called upon to criticize Judge Woods' decision. It was enough for him that Debs had appealed to the highest court of the United States and had obtained no relief.

In the course of further discussion Mr. Allen said that he could not help being impressed with the thought that the Senate was organized "not to do business."

Mr. Gordon reminded Senators that the hour had arrived when the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. Thurston) was to address the Senate.

The call resolution was thereupon laid aside and Mr. Thurston addressed the Senate on the question of the Monroe doctrine.

His speech is printed elsewhere in The Times.

CHARGED WITH TWO MURDERS.

Sensational Arrest of a Prominent Physician of Kentucky.

Owensboro, Ky., Jan. 28.—A sensation which has been coming for some time culminated last night in the arrest of Dr. P. T. Rhodes, a prominent physician of Newville, this county, charged with murdering Jared Robinson, a wealthy farmer and neighbor, last July. Rhodes is also suspected of the murder of his wife, who died shortly before Robinson's death.

Rhodes was attending Robinson in a spell of illness, and it is claimed, poisoned him. On October 11 following Rhodes and Mrs. Robinson were secretly married at Jeffersonville, Ind., and at once converted Rhodes' entire estate into money, collected \$5,000 insurance, and announced that they were going to Mexico.

McDERMOTT ESTATE SUIT.

John A. McDermott and others this morning brought suit against Marie Murray for partition of the estate of the late John McDermott. Neal T. Murray is the attorney.

SCHLEIMAN WAS DISMISSED.

Frederick Schleiman, who was arrested by Policeman Robertson for alleged assault on Kate Hamersly, was tried before Judge Miller in the police court yesterday and the case dismissed.

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